Statewide Water Analysis Network

A Technical Advisory Group for the next California Water Plan Update

December 7, 2006



1

Workshop Objectives

- Describe Statewide Water Analysis Network (SWAN) and its roles in the next CWP Update
- Provide context of today's workshop as it relates to previous CWP activities
- Discuss our recommended approach to select, improve, and develop analytical tools to produce quantitative deliverables for future CWP Updates
- Present findings of pilot study designed to answer the question: "Are object-oriented modeling techniques and visual modeling tools effective to use in a shared vision planning approach related to the California Water Plan?"
 - Get feedback from SWAN members regarding recommendations



SWAN Formation

- What is SWAN
 - Purpose, Participation, Commitments, etc
- Improving Analytical Tools and Data for Statewide and Regional Planning
 - Where we are, where we want to be, how to get there



3

What is SWAN



Purpose

- Primary technical advisory group for the California Water Plan
 - Provide recommendations on improvements to analytical tools and data
 - Through Water Plan, recommendations will guide other statewide and regional planning efforts
 - Provide feedback on proposals by Water Plan team



Why a Network?

- Problems identified for Water Plan are not unique
- Solution requires better integration and consistency at federal, state, regional, and local scales
- We have had difficulty reaching consensus on quantitative deliverables
- Expertise and funding are diffuse

7

How SWAN Can Help

- Help to build common conceptual understanding of water management system
- Identify appropriate scales for Water Plan analysis
- Develop strategy for making water planning information transparent
 - Develop guidelines for integrating information

1) Conceptualize Water Management System

- Critical factors related to water demands
 - Population, land use, housing mix, employment, etc
- Water supplies, water use efficiency, water quality, ecosystem functions, economic markets, etc
- Quantify interactions between components



9

2) Identify Appropriate Scales for Water Plan Analysis

- Planning, temporal, spatial, policy
 - CWP is not a feasibility study
 - Planning horizon at 25, 50, or 100 years
 - Weekly, monthly, seasonal, or yearly
 - Water district, county, Planning Area, or Hydrologic Region



3) Develop Strategy for Making Water Planning Information Transparent

- Shared Vision Planning
- CWEMF model development principles
- Improve data sharing technologies
 - Water Plan Information Exchange



11

Principles for Development and Use of Analytical Tools (CWEMF)

- Strategy
- Transparency
- Technical Sustainability
- Coverage
- Accountability and Quality Control



4) Develop Guidelines For Integrating Information

- Better integration needed across planning processes
 - CALFED Programs
 - Urban Water Management Plans
 - Agricultural Water Management Plans
 - Integrated Regional Water Management Plans (Proposition 50)
 - Groundwater Management Plans
 - And so on ...



13

Desired Participation

- Federal, State, and local agencies
- Non-governmental organizations
 - CWEMF, Environmental
- University faculty and students
- Indian tribes
- Technical consultants
- Facilitation



Needed SWAN Expertise

- Estimating future agricultural, urban, and environmental water demand
- Estimating future management responses
- Considering uncertainty about future climate conditions
- Identifying relationships between management of water, water quality, and energy
- Data management, visualization, and exchange



15

Institutional Network Options (CWEMF)

- Consortium of agencies
- Independent R&D hosted by UC or other
- State modeling program (e.g. Texas)
- MOU of Modeling BMPs

- CBDA analysis coordination group
- Legislative req'ts linked to funding
- Reorganization of DWR
- DWR analysis coordinator and committee



November 2005 workshop

- Attended by over 20 experts in data management and analytical tools
- Representatives of federal, State, local agencies, nongovernmental and academic organizations
- Discussed SWAN concept
- Reviewed work and findings by CWEMF from Strategic Analysis Framework report (September 2005)

17

November 2005 workshop Key Outcomes

- Participants generally agreed that California could benefit from SWAN
- Recommended DWR convene specific pilot projects of limited scope to test
- Recommended that initial participation be ad hoc
- Decide later if necessary to formalize
 Report back to stakeholder groups

Pilot Studies

- Southern California Water Demand Study RAND/UCSB (Completed June 2006)
- WEAP Climate Change and Decision Making under Uncertainty – IEUA / RAND (Dec. 2006)
- WEAP Climate Change Sac Valley DWR / NHI / SEI / NCAR / USEPA (Dec. 2006)
- Integrating UWMP's with Water Plan TBD (2007)
- Common Schematic UC Davis, 1st Phase (Sept. 2008)
- Common Conceptual Design using Object
 Oriented Modeling DWR / Ken Kirby (Apr 2007)



19

Your Benefit-Cost Ratio = Reward/Time Commitment

- Reward
 - Opportunity to steer direction of analytical tool and data development for California water planning
 - Influence policy discussions by Water Plan Advisory Committee
 - SWAN participants will be listed in the Water Plan credits
- Time Commitment
 - SWAN is voluntary
 - 8 hours a month plus travel



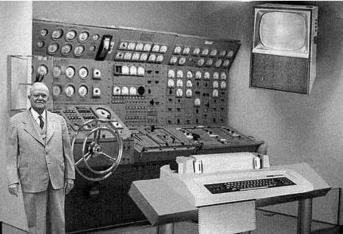
Discussion

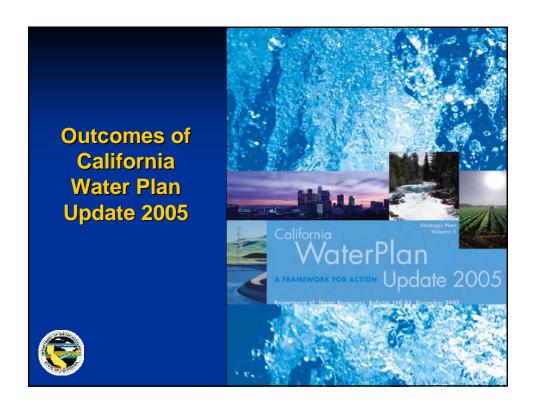
- Proposing to continue direction from November 2005 workshop
 - Use ad hoc groups
 - Focus on a few pilot studies
- Questions or suggestions about SWAN
- Will you participate?
- Who else should participate?



21

Improving Analytical Tools and Data For Statewide and Regional Water Planning





Recommendation 11 2005 California Water Plan

"DWR and other state agencies must improve data, analytical tools, and information management and exchange needed to prepare, evaluate, and implement regional integrated resource plans and programs in cooperation with other federal, tribal, local, and research entities"



Identified Limitations In Water Plan Analysis

- No broad acceptance of prior analytical procedures
- Need detailed quantitative information about the costs, benefits, and broad social, environmental, and economic tradeoffs
- Data, analytical tool development, and data management have not kept pace
- Lack a consistent framework and standards for collecting, managing, and accessing data



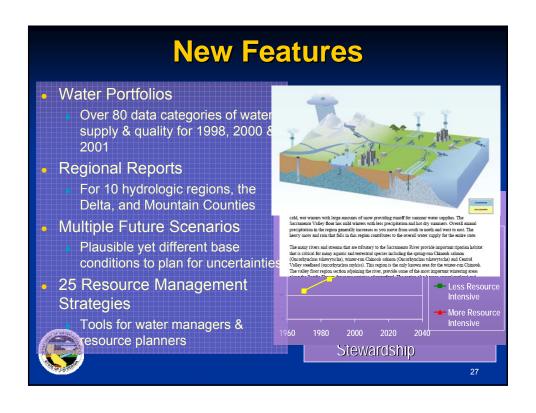
25

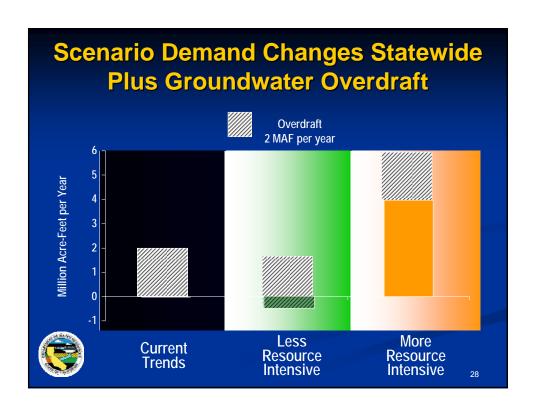
Specific Problem Areas

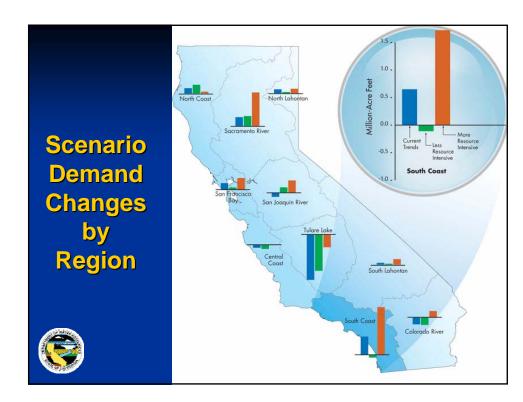
- Data, data, data
- Water flow and operations models
- Future water use forecasts
- Scenarios
- Consumptive vs. non-consumptive use

- Economic efficiency
- Hydrologic variability
- Water quality
- Planning objectives
- Groundwater management
- Transparency









Resource Management Strategies

Reduce Water Demand

- Agricultural Water Use Efficiency
- Urban Water Use Efficiency

Improve Operational Efficiency & Transfers

- Conveyance
- System Reoperation
- Water Transfers

Increase Water Supply

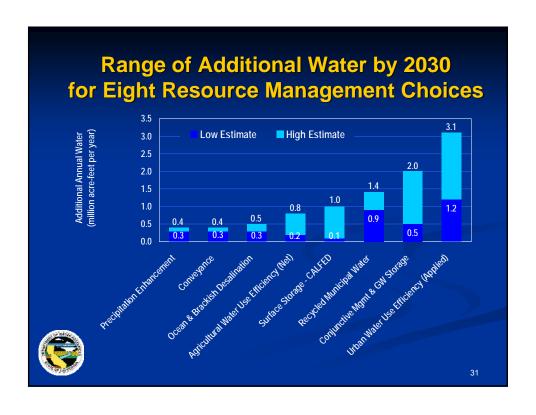
- Conjunctive Management & Groundwater Storage
- Desalination –Brackish & Seawater
- Precipitation Enhancement
 - Recycled Municipal Water Surface Storage – CALFED Surface Storage -Regional/Local

Improve Water Quality

- Drinking Water Treatment and Distribution
- Groundwater/Aquifer Remediation
- Matching Quality to Use
- Pollution Prevention
- Urban Runoff Management

Practice Resource Stewardship

- Agricultural Lands Stewardship
- Economic Incentives (Loans, Grants, and Water Pricing)
- Ecosystem Restoration
- Floodplain Management
- Recharge Areas Protection
- Urban Land Use Management
- Water-Dependent Recreation
- Watershed Management



Update 2005 Parking Lot (items not addressed)

- More local detail for Regional Reports and Water Portfolios
- More groundwater information
- Roll-up Urban Water Management Plans
- Include climate change, water quality, and energy relationships
- Improve rep. of environmental water

Improve data QA/QC, transparency



Multiple Quantitative Views

Water Portfolios

 Describe where water originates, where it flows, and what it is used for based on recent data

Future Baseline Scenarios

 Describe expected changes by 2030 if water managers do not take additional action

Alternative Response Packages

 Describe packages of promising actions, predict expected outcomes, and compare performance under each scenario



The Point

- Multiple views of water management system will:
 - Help inform policy discussions
 - Promote rational decisions regarding investments to meet objectives
 - Support regional planning
 - Support statewide planning



35

Analysis in Phases

Update 2005

- Water portfolios of current conditions
- Describe quantitative approach
- Illustrate part of the approach – future scenarios

Future Updates

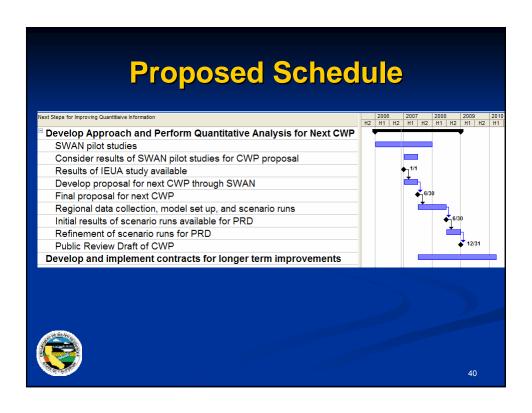
- Refine quantitative approach
- Refine future scenarios
- Quantify response packages
- Compare performance











Activities Over Next 6 Months

- Present results of completed pilot projects to SWAN
- Work with SWAN on implementing other pilot studies
- Conceptualize water management system
- Make proposal to SWAN on quantitative deliverables for the next Water Plan Update
- Work with SWAN to scope out longer term improvements

41

Reference Information

- http://www.waterplan.water.ca.gov/cwpu2005
 - Chapter 4, Volume 1, Update 2005
- http://www.waterplan.water.ca.gov/tools
- http://www.waterplan.water.ca.gov/swan
- http://www.cwemf.org
 - Strategic Analysis Framework ...



